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Adjutant General's Office [Army] ltr dtd

29 Apr 1980

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEADQUARTERS IST BRIGADE MOIST AIREGANE DIVISION APO 96347

AVED-C

28 September 1967

SUBJECT: Combet Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (MACV/ROS/JB/32) 3

CHRUS

Commanding General Americal Division

AFO 96374

Commanding Concral

III Marine Amphibious Force

APO 96502

Commanding General

US Military Assistance Command, Vietnam

ATTN: J343

MPO 96222

- 1. (t) Name of Operation: Operation BENTON
- Dates of Operation: 130730 August 1967 through 291430 August 1967.
- (3) Location: QUANC TIN Province.
- Command Headquarters: 1st Brigade, 191st Airborne Division.
- 5. (U) <u>Reporting Officer</u>: Brigadier General Salve H. Matheson, Commanding General, let Brigade, 101st Airborne Division.
 - (C) Task Organization:

a. The task organization of the Erigads at the initiation of Operation BENTON was as shown below:

1-327 Inf

1, LZ Clearing/Demo Tms, A/325 Engr

2 Set Dog Tus, 42 Inf Plat

2-327 Inf

4 IZ Clearing/Demo Tos, A/326 Engr 2 Set Dog Tms, 42 Inf Plat Co Mike Force (DS)

2-502 Inf

4 IZ Clearing/Dema Tms, A/326 Engr

2 Set Dog Tws, 42 Inf Plat

Co Mike Force (DS)

2-120 Arty (DS) Dite HEC A/326 Engr (-) LRAP Flat 2 Co CIDG (DS) Mr Plat 1/101 Arm Sec 20 Cml Det (GS) HB Tm, 244 Psyops Co (GS) CA TD, 41 CA Co (CS) 406 RED (GS) 181 MI Det (GS) TACP (-) 42 Inf Plat, Set Dog (-)(GS) D/326 Med

b. The task organization of the Brigade was changed three times during Operation BENTON. On 14 August 1967, A Company, let Battalian (Airborne), 327th Infantry was placed under operational control of the 2d Battalian (Airborne), 327th infantry. The following day operational control of a Company was terminated and the company returned to its perent unit. On 15 August 1967, the Mike Force

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Company with the 2d Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry was detached and attached to the lot Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry. The two CIDC Companies in support of the Brigade were released on 19 August 1967, and the Long Range Reconnaissance Platoon was attached to the 2d Battalion (Airborne), 502d Infantry.

7. (C) Supporting Forcest

- a. 2-320 Artillery: Employed in a direct support role.
- h. C Battery, 3-16 Artillery (155 Towed): Reinforced the fires of 2d Battalien (Airborne), 320th Artillery.
- c. 14th Aviation Eattalion: Provided troop Lift and flew combat support and resupply missions.
- (1) 176th Helicepter Assault Company: Employed in direct support of the Brigade and provided troop lift and flew combat support and resupply missions.
- (2) loist Helicopter Assemble Company: Provided helicopters on a mission support basis for troop lift, combat support and resupply missions.
- (3) 178th Aviation Company: Provided CH-47 aircraft on a ission support basis for use in displacing and resupplying artillery units.
- d. 9th Air Commando Squadron: Provided airlift support for psycholegical operations.
- c. 244th Psychological Operations Company: Provided one Loudspeaker and leaflet dissemination team in direct support of the Brigade.
- f. 7th US Air Porce: Flew 210 tactical fighter missions totaling 372 sorties. One hundred and fifty of these sorties were immediate requests which word processed through the Air Force Tactical Air Request Net with an average reaction time of twenty-five minutes. In addition, sixty-four Contat Skyspet sorties, thirteen flareships (AC-47) sorties, and 192 transport sorties were flown in support of the Brigade. Forward Air Controllers flew 103 sorties in forward air control, artillery adjustment and visual reconnaissance missions.
- g. TIEN PRUCC CIDG Camp: Provided two CIDG Companies in support of Brigade operations.
- h. Company G, 5th Special Forces (PA NAMC): Provided two Mike Force Companies to operate with two battalions of the Brigade.
 - 8. (0) Intelligence: See Inclosure 1, Intelligence.
- 9. (C) <u>Mission</u>: Task Force ORDCON directed the Brigade to conduct operations to find, fix and destroy VC/NVA forces and to neutralize VC/NVA base camps in and around Base Area 117.
- 10. (C) Concept of Operations Operation BENTCH commenced on 130730 August 1967 after completing Operation HOOD RIVER. The 2d Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry and the 2d Battalion (Airborne), 502d Infantry conducted airmobile assaults northweat of CHU LAI into multiple landing zones (LZ's) west of COHR Area of Operations (AO) and commenced search and destroy operations to the east. The lst Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry terminated operations in the 20M AO (Operation HOCD RIVER) on 10 August conducted airmobile and overland displacement to CHU LAI Base Comp, and on 13 August 1967, assumed the mission of the Brigade Immediate Action Force with an en-order mission to conduct airmobile assaults into the COHR AO. On 15 August 1967, the 1st Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry (minus one company) conducted airmobile assaults into the COHR AO and commenced search and destroy operations within their assigned AO. Artillary and Air Force Tactical Air prepared all LZ's and then shifted to known or suspected enemy locations and routes of egress (Inclosure 2, Operations Schematics).

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11. (C) Executions

- a. Operation HENTON was characterized by small unit actions with battalions and companies maneuvering freely in reaction to intelligence received and enemy movements. All contacts with large size enemy forces (plateon or larger) were made in the late afternoon or just prior to darkness and normally lasted into the night until the enemy broke contact and withdrew. Contacts with large forces gradually declined as did the enemy's will to stand and fight and degenerated into contacts with squad size or smaller energy forces. The search and destroy tectics employed by the Brigade consisted of saturation petrolling, day and night ambushes and small unit stay behind forces. Artillery fired harassing and interdiction missions each night on known or suspected energy locations. The terrain over which operations were conducted included dense, jungle covered mountains, rolling hills with tall elephant grass and flat, cultivated lowlands with rice paddies.
- h. Operation BENTON was initiated immediately upon the completion of Operation HOOD RIVER from selected pickup sones (PI's) within the VECHEL AO. Elements of the Brigade Tactical Command Post displaced overland to CHV LAI to coordinate and control the operation. A Troop, 26 Squadron (Airborne), 17th Cavalry remained at CARENTAN Hase Camp east of DUC PHO and secured the Brigade base and conducted patrols cutside the base perimeter. A Dompany, 326th Engineer Battalion (Airborne) continued to improve the base camp in addition to providing engineer toams to the infantry battalions.
- c. Numerous small unit contacts were made throughout the operation as a result of extensive saturation patrolling. These contacts are listed chronologically in Inclosure II (Small Unit actions). Significant energy contacts during Operation RENTON are as follows:
- (1) 13 August 1967: At 1700 hours near BT210088 Company B, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 502d Infantry was engaged by an unknown size energy force. The energy employed rockets, rifle granales, machine guns and small arms fire. Company B returned the fire and called for artillery. As the company attempted to maneuver, it was met with intense energy fire and the company consolidated their position and requested Air Force C-47 aircraft with miniguns ("Spooky"). The energy continued to attack with small arms until 2350 hours. He then employed 60mm nortars, A0mm rocket launcher fire and rifle granades and two companies attacked the perimeter. Company B countered with small arms, machine guns, gunships and "Spooky." The fire fight continued until 0155 hours, 14 August 1967, when the energy broke contact and withdraw. Sporadic sniper fire continued throughout the night. Results of the contact were 35 energy killed (confirmed); 11 AK-47's, 5 SKS, 2 RFD machine guns and several Chicum granades captured; 5 US killed and 15 wounded.
- (2) 13 August 1967: The tactical command post and fire base of the 2d Battalion (airborne), 327th Infantry et BT173115 was subjected to a mortar and greande attack at 2110 hours. Elements at the command post included the battalion staff, Recommainsance Plateon of the Battalion and 3 Battery, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 320th Artillery. The enemy followed the mortar attack with a prote of the defensive positions employing automatic weapone. Friendly units countered with small arms, grenodes and "Spooky." The fire fight terminated at 2245 hours. Movement around the perimeter continued throughout the night. Results of the contact were 1 US killed and 13 wounded; enemy losses could not be assessed.
- (3) 15 August 1967: Company E, 1st Pattalien (Airborne), 327th Infaniry made centact at 2000 hours with an estimated MVA squad at ST200053. The company employed artillery, gunships and "Spocky" against the enemy force. Contact was broken at 2145 hours. Results of the contact were 10 enemy killed (confirmed) and 1 carbine captured. Friendly losses were 2 killed and 5 wounded.
- (4) 16 August 1967: Company C, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 327th. Infantry became engaged with an unknown size enemy force at 1320 hours near BT164107. An air strike was called in on the enemy exposing a trench system and bunkers. A second air strike was called in destroying the bunkers and exposing an additional trench system. Results of the action were 10 enemy killed (confirmed)

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- (5) 18 August 1967: Company A, 1st Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry while manduvering through a pass (ET160050) at 1200 hours was fired upon by enemy automatic and semi-entomatic weapons fire. An air strike and artillery were employed and the enemy broke contact. The company pursued with light contact until 1640 hours. Again the company was fired upon by heavy automatic weapons fire from BT165055. Air strikes and artillery were again employed as Company A maneuvered. Heavy fighting continued until 2215 hours when the enemy broke contact and withdrew. Enemy lesses were 9 killed (confirmed). Friendly losses were 5 killed and 15 wounded.
- (6) 16 August 1967: Commencing at 1700 hours, one platnom of C Company, 1st Battalion (kirborne), 327th Infantry made contact with a company size force near RT165037. The enemy orened fire with nine automatic weapons, simultaneously pinning down the platter. Results of the initial contact were 2 US killed and 5 wounded. The company employed air strikes and artillery and maneuvered its remaining platoons against the enemy. Heavy fighting crupted at 1810 hours and continued until 2100 hours. Final results of the action were 6 US killed, 13 wounded and 1 enemy killed (confirmed).
- (7) 25 August 1967: At 0900 hours, A Company, 2d Battalien (Airborne), 502d Infantry engaged an unknown size enemy force near ET169107 that resulted in 1 US wounded, I enough killed (confirmed) and I enough individual weapon captured. A MEDEVAC helicopter approaching the area to evacuate the wounded man was hit by enough small arms fire and forced down at 1020 hours. A Company secured the area, and in the process of doing so, killed I enough near the helicopter. Sporadic action continued throughout the afternoon. Artillery and limited guisaips supported the company while heavy rains precluded the use of air strikes. At 1715 hours, the company received 8-10 incoming 82mm mortar rounds and engaged an estimated 20-30 well dug in enemy. Contact was broken at 1730 hours. Total results for the days action were 9 enemy killed (confirmed), 5 individual weapons and 1 flare pistol captured. Friendly losses were 6 killed and 22 wounded.

22. (0) Results:

- A. The lst Brigade, 191st Airborne Division accomplished its mission of conducting operations to find, fix and destroy VC/NVA forces and to neutralize VC/NVA base camps in and around Base area 117.
- b. The following lesses were inflicted on the energy during the operations 303 killed (confirmed); I killed (probable); I3 VC captured; 2 NVA captured; 8 crew served weapons and 123 individual weapons captured; 31 tons of rice, 1.4 tons of salt and 4 tons of the either extracted or descroyed; and 7 base camps destroyed.
- c. Friendly losses resulting from combat operations were: 41 killed, 251 wounded (Medevac) and 36 wounded (minor); 5 UM-LD circraft destroyed, 15 UM-LD aircraft damaged.

13. (U) Administration Matters:

- a. Personnel and Administration: Inclosure 3.
- b. Logistics: Inclosure 4.
- c. Civic Action: Inclosure 6.

14. (C) Special Equipment and Techniques:

e. Satched charges were employed against enemy bunkers when artillery and hand grennder failed to rout the every. During a heavy contact against enemy in well dug in bunkers with over and cover, a company of the 2d Battalian (Airborne), 502d Infuntry employed the restached engineer team to destroy the enemy and bunkers. Under the cover of apporting machine in fire, engineer teams emplaced satched charges against the bunkers which resulted in four enemy killed, two weapons captured and the bunkers destroyed.

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b. CS was effectively used to rout an enemy from bunkers when repeated air strikes and artillery failed. During a heavy contact with the enemy deployed in dug in bunkers with everhead cover which provented the friendly force from advancing dispite numerous air strikes and artillery, non-persistent CS was dropped from a helicopter and followed by additional air strikes and artillery. Cone the air strikes were completed, smoke grenades were dropped from a helicopter to screen the movement of advancing troops from the enemy. The CS and smoke employed permitted the friendly troops to overrun the enemy positions. See Inclosure 5 (Chemical).

c. "Onisy Cutters", 1000 pound bombs with a three foot pipe welded to the fuze, were used extensively to cut landing zones in the jungle forward of advancing troops, In several instances, these landing zones were used for resupply and medical evacuation.

15. (C) Commanders Analysis:

a. Lessons Learned:

- (1) Sufficient air to ground radio nots must be available to supply all maneuver elements (down to and including the rifle company) with a frequency that will not with the radio mounted in the forward air controller's airplane. Without sufficient frequencies to supply all companies, the battalion command not must then be used which unnecessarily ties up the battalion commander's not.
- (2) An immediate debriefing of all pilots (command and control helicopters, utility helicopters and "slick" helicopters) must be accomplished as soon as pilots return from the area of operations to determine and process information which may be valuable intelligence. In one instance, a helicopter pilot saw the muzzle flashes of a recoilless rifle firing and assumed it to be friendly. Later, in a casual comment, this zighting was mentioned and was determined to be the enemy firing at friendly forces.
- (3) Whenever possible, if a fire base is to be established on a grassy slope, the grass should be burned off using mapelm or white phosporous rockets prior to the fire base being establish. In one instance, a fire was started by an unknown source down the grass slope of an artillery fire base and resulted in extensive damaged to equipment and the accomplishment of an assigned mission. See Inclosure 10 (Artillery).
- (4) Monsoon weather greatly decreases the efficiency and range of communications equipment. Additional radio relay stations must be planned for and established during the operation to insure continuous communications.
- (5) Plans for and speedy evacuation of downed aircraft must be executed as rapidly as possible. Without prompt evacuation, a maneuver unit is required to secure the downed aircraft which, in turn, jeopardizes the accomplishment of the mission and allows time for the enemy to maneuver and attack.
- (6) The enemy's capability to employ indirect fire support should always be assumed. Whenever a unit's location is compromised by resupply or medevac helicopters, the unit should immediately move from the immediate area. Another effective method of guarding against a mortar attack is to displace a short distance (200-500 meters) after dark,
- (7) Defensive targets are a necessity when establishing a position for the night. At the same time if defensive targets are plotted in a pattern, the position can be compromised. Consideration should be given to occasionally firing in false defensive targets.

b. Commanders Notem:

(1) The enemy encountered during Operation BENTON were wall trained and equipped. He was aggressive and did not hesitate to maneuver against the

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flarks or rear of advancing troops. He utilized the terrain to his advantage with excertize and dug in tenaciously. The Brigade maximized the use of tactical air, artillery and CS to dig him out of his defensive positions prior to assaulting. Without this fire support, it is likely that friendly casualties would have been greater.

- . (2) CIDC and Mike Porce Companies worked with and supported the Brigade. Back company worked directly with a maneuver battalion, thereby enhancing the capability of the battalion to maneuver and search out an Area of operation.
- (3) A need exists to have a winch capability organic to each assault belicopter company. When operating in dense, jungle covered mountains where landing zones are difficult to find, resupply to units and evacuation of non-critically wounded personnel her to a serious problem. Units must postpone their assigned mission to move to accomplish resupply or evacuation. A which mounted on a utility belicopter would facilitate accomplishing both requirements in a minimum amount of time.
- (4) Miner appeared in increasing numbers during Operation BENTON and resulted in some casualties. Several mines were booky trapped. Constant slertness, training and aggressive landership are the key negating the energy's use of booky traps.

S.H. MATHESON

Commanding

Brigadier General, USA

11 Incls

1 - Intelligence

2 - Operations Schematics

3 - Personnel and Adramistration

4 - Logistics

5 - Chemical

6 - Civil Affairs

7 - Communications

8 - Psychological Operations

9 - Engineer

10 - Artillery

11 - Small Unit, Actions

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- 1. (C) TERRAIN: The area of operation has numerous hills and low mountains surrounded by valleys in the north and rugged mountains in the central and southern portion. The many trails and waterways afford access throughout the area. It was along the waterways that the majority of contacts were made and installations discovered. The main evenues of approach are the SONG BONG MIEW (NM-SE), Route 531 (E-W) and Route 533 (E-W).
- 2. (U) WEITHER: Partly cloudy skies with daily afternoon and sarly evening rainshowers and/or thunderstorms man the dominate weather picture during Operation HENTON. Visibility was generally unrestricted with a minimum of a half side in rainstorms. Winds were generally southeasterly, light and variable at night. The maximum temperature was 101 degrees and the minimum was 78 degrees (F). Relative humidity ranged from a high of 98 percent to a low of 43 percent. Weather hampered one full day of air operations (27 August 1967) but did not soverly hamper the ground operations for this period.

3. (C) ANALYSIS:

a. Intelligence Analysis

(1) During Operation RENTON, slements of the 6th and 7th Companies, 22d Battalion, 21st VC Regiment were engaged as was proven by documents captured. The enemy initiated two mortar attacks on friendly units. Units were aniped at constantly. Most elements were broken down to squad size groups, were well trained and maneuvered well in response to our heavy fire. Utilizing their excellent knowledge of the terrain and cover, especially bunkers, they would initiate contact in order to draw the friendlies into an area from which the VC could exploy their bunker complexes. The bunkers were constructed with a thick everhead of logs, very narrow firing ports, well maintained camouflaged and were mutually supporting. (Comment taken from reports by 2d Battalion (Airborne), 502d Infantry).

Conclusion: NVA units will initiate action employing heavy volumes of fire and adroit maneuvering. The enemy prefers to use his bunker complex so that he can inflict greater casualties at less expense. NVA units will vigorously defend and only retreat as a final recourse to annihilation. Few prisoners can be expected after contact.

(2) Discussion: Enemy contected in areas adjacent to cache sites were armed with various type weapons but predominatly Chinese Communist manufacture. Training areas had small arms ranges with rilhouette targets, mock ups of planes and armorod vehicles, and dummy potato masher hand gronades. Forces which guarded these areas utilized all forms of guerrilla warfare i.e., booby traps, mines, etc., which were in good working order. (Taken from reports rendered by 2d Battalion (Airherne), 502d Infentry). Cache sites were well camouflaged and items stored were in large quantities.

Conclusion: The enemy continues to guard his base camps with local forces. Base Area 117 exists and holds stores for a multi-battalion size force. Local Porce units in this area are well trained in and capable of executing all aspects of guerrilla warfare.

(3) Discussion: Numerous gas masks in good condition and minufactured either by North Vietnamese or Chinese Communist were found on enemy dead,

Conclusion: NVA units ongaged contained newly infiltrated personnel and the enemy is more prepared to cope with chemical agents. (Comment: Gas masks do not seal properly around the mose and check). Two gas masks were delivered to Brigade Chemical Officer for Technical Intelligence Analysis.

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(4) Discussion: Meapons asptured after contacts and in deache sites were mostly SKB, AK-47 and RPD's of the "new family", were new and in good condition. Norther and recoilless rifle assumition deptured was new and, in most cases, still in their original containers.

Conclusion: The energy in this area is well supplied with wellpors and summitton. He can be expected to deliver high volumes of fire.

b. Communication Sucurity

(1) Buring Operation BENTON, a total of 11,708 FM radio transmissions and 1,550 telephone transmissions were confidenced. A total of 1,224 man hours were spent in support of Operation BENTON by personnel assigned to the 105th Radio Research Detachment's Gusmanication Security Section. One violation occured (classified location in the clear) during Operation BENTON.

(2) Recommendations

- (a) Planning a conversation before placing the call will considerably decrease the possibility of compromise. Forethought in a definite requirement in precluding violations, hake the conversation brief and to the point. long drawn-out conversations are likely to lead to compromise. If the party whom one is talking to starts to reveal classified material, stop him as soon as possible to limit the amount of information revealed. Following these simple precautions can greatly decrease the amount of intelligence made available to possible enemy intercept.
- (b) The radiotelephone is the most inscours means of communication in pratical use. Only personnel trained in the use of the radiotelephone should be authorized to use it.
- (c) Communications security is not just senothing that happens, rather it is a condition that is produced. The better trained an individual is the less he is likely to violate the principals of communications security. All personnel who use non-secure means of communication should be regularly briefed or in some way reminded of the methods of keeping classified information secure. When transmitting measages of a sensitive or classified nature, the secure net should be utilized. The benefits of a secure net can not be over emphasized nor can its need, as the primary net, for the passing of information between the Brigade and forward Battalions. All convenders should instruct that the secure net be operative at all times as an added measure of communication security.

4. (C) LESSONS LEARNED

- a, Rod Haze: The effect of Red Haze was lessened bocause fields were still being hurst off in and around the operational area. The Red Haze coverage and response time to requests were not adequate. The less time allows little leavely for changing to areas that need to be covered. The readouts are often delayed and tectical reaction is lessened. A system is needed to give complete and timely dissemination to the requestors. Also, adjustment of the area to be covered at this time can not be given at the last minute, this factor should be incorporated in the overhauling of the present system. One solution may be direct communication between the requestor and the mission communder, utilizing the requestor's operations and intelligence net.
- b. Aerial Photography: Fhotographic ocwerage for Operation SEN-TON was unsatisfactory in that requests and residuals were not delivered by the dates needed. This produced use by the tactical commander in the planning. Therefore old photography and outflitted Combine Intelligence Center Victors (CICV) studies had to be used which supply them with Largesti

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information. Often insufficient lead time is given prior to a move; therefore, the requirements stated for requesting coverage could not be met.

c. Visual Recommaissance: Only eight visual recommaissance missions were flown out of a possible sixteen (16) days by one aircraft. This was due to flight restrictions and maintenance requirements.

d. Interregation of Prisoners of War

- (1) During Operation BENTON, the Interrogation of Prisoner's of War Section, 181 Military Intelligence Detachment, 1st Brigade, 101st Alreane Division operated two (2) Brigade Collection Points for detainees. One interrogation team operated at the Brigade base camp in DUC PMO for interrogation of detainees brought in by the Brigade Security Patrols, A Troop, 2d Squadren (airborne), 17th Cavalry and the United States Navy.

 The majority of the Interrogation of Prisoners of War Section moved forward to CHU LAI with the Brigade. Utilizing Task Force OMEMON facilities, the Interrogation of Prisoners of War Section worked out of the Task Force OMEMON compound. They interrogated all detainees brought to them by the 1st Brigade, 101st Airborne Division. If a detainee was determined to be a Civil Defendent or a Prisoner of War, the prisoner and a copy of the interrogation report were turned over directly to Task Force OMEMON authorities for disposition. In the meanwhile, the Brigade S2 was notified of the detainee's status and an interrogation report was submitted to the Brigade S2. A contingent of the 9th Army, Republic of Vietnam Military Intelligence Detactment accompanied the Interrogation of Prisoners of War Section to CHU LAI and aided in the accoming of captured documents.
- (2) The Interrogation of Prisoners of War Section also furnished an interrogator to each of the three infantry battaliens. Each interrogator had the mission of screening out detainess and interrogating prisoners for information of an immediate tactical nature in order that the capturing unit could react on this exploited intelligence. They also had the responsibility of working closely with the Battalion S2 to screen captured deciments. Also, the interrogator at battalion level submitted a brief interrogation progress report that accompanied the detained back to the Brigade Callection Point at CNU mal. The brief progress report was to give the interrogator at brigade level a starting point. In general, attachment of Interrogation of Prisoners of War personnel to each battalion seemed to be a compatible arrangement.
- (3) A problem that again arose during Operation BENTON, as it had in other operations, is the failure on the part of the capturing units to completely fill out the capture tag. The ten instances of this occurance were at a time when there was no Interrogation of Prisoner of Wer Section representative out with the unit to assure compliance with the directive. This information insures proper interrogation and is an essential element to effective intelligence collection.
- (4) Another area of concern is documents handling. When and if possible, documents should accompany the individual from whem they were taken. This is not only to aid in the interrogation process but also to expedite return of personal papers if the detained is determined to be an indocent Civilian. All too often, if an individual's identity eard, birth certificate, land deeds, etc., are separated from his person, he may never see them again.
- e. Long Range Recommaissance Platoon: IRRP's were utilized to caintain surveillance on avenues of egross on the periphery of the area of operations. Artillery was used to engage groups of oncey observed. The use of Civilian Erregular Defense Group (CIDC) units as a security and stay behind infiltration conveyance proved to be of little value. They are not disciplined well enough to be utilized as clandistine security or as infiltration modes.

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5. (0) EMEAY LOSSES: The following losses were sustained by the enemy during Operation DERTON:

9.	Personnel:	BENTON	TITH TASK FORCE OFFICEN	TOTAL IN COUNTRY
	KIA (C)	303	1248	450a
	K14 (P)	1	107	1976
	POW VC/MVA	13/2	107	550
	Civil Defen-		98	
	dent			
	Returnees	8 <u>-34-5</u>	4	38
	Dotainmes	116	1049	4912
	dody/deapon Ratio	s 4,4:1.	3.5:1	3.5:1
	En/Frd Kill Ratio	9,3:1	9,3:1	8.8:1

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b. Weapons: TCTAL-INDIVIDUAL: 123 CREW SERVED: 8

Springfiled	1	AK-47	31
Carbino	7	E.R	5
A-1 Rifle	1	Thompson SMC	4
M-14 Rifle	1	Chicam SAG	2
Mauser	5	12,7 HMG	1
CAR - 15	1	AK-50	J.
PSS 36	1.	RPD	3
Mosin Nagant	13	M-60 MG	1
Shot Gun	3	M-79	2
45 Cal Pistol	1	60rm N rtar	1
Flare Pistol	1	57 mm RR	1
NAT 49	2	40mm Rocket Leuncher	1
Sliä	30	Unichown type	5

c. ammunition:

Small Arts	6500	82am Mortar	122
57au R.R.	44	Homoziade Bombs	2
Chical Rockets	3	1-72 LAWS	2
75mm RR	10	Chaymore	
Rifles Grenade	5	Grenades	167

d. Food Stuff:

Rice - 31 tons Tea - 4 tons

e. Installations:

Base Comp			23	7
Fortified bunker	3 -	hut	complexes	7
Hospital				ı

f. Signal

PRC - 10

g. Miscellaneous

Composition 8 (Explosive)	2 cans
Forthr Sites, Skan	2 50.

1 Inclusive: TAB .. - Order of Buttle

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TAB A (Order of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation HENTON (C)

1. (C) VC/NVA ORDER OF BATTLE

a. MWA Units

- (1) The largest known unit operating within the Tactical Areas of Responsibility was the 21st NVA Regiment of the 2d NVA Division. The headquarters and subordinate battalions were believed to be located in the vicinity of ET 1705.
- (2) The CK 33 Sattalien which provides artillery support for the 2d NVA Division was believed to be located in the vicinity of 8T 1324.

b. VC Main Force Unito

- (1) The 70th Battalion of the 1st VC Regiment which was previously carried in QUANC MOAJ Province was believed to be located in the vicinity of BT 2017, conducting operations as an independent Battalion, directly subordingte to the 2d NVA Division.
- (2) The 70th Company of the 409th Sappor Battalian was believed to be operating independently in the vicinity of BT 2813.

c. VC Local Force Units

- (1) The 72d Local Force Battalian was believed to be operating in the vicinity of BT 222%.
- (2) There were seven Local Force Companies believed to be operating within the vicinity of the Tactical Area of Responsibility, or within reinfercing distance. Units and locations were as follows:
 - (a) 74th Local Force Company DY 2807
 - (b) 706th Local Force Company ST 3113
 - (c) K-51 Local Force Company BT 1536
 - (d) K-52 Local Force Conjuny BT 2220
 - (e) K-53 Local Force Company HT 1516
 - (f) K-54 Local Force Company BT 1516
 - (g) K-55 Local Force Company BT 2718
- d. Base areas: There was one base area reported within the area of operations. Base area 117 in the vicinity of BT 2307 is considered a safe and secure area in which to train, rest and regroup for combat.
 - 2. (C) ORDER OF HATTLE FINDINGS AND SUMMARY IN THE OFERATIONAL LINEA

a. Units Not Contacted:

- (1) Shoments of the lith and 33rd Battalions of the 21st Regiment, 2d NV. Division were not contacted during Operation BENTON, and are currently located in central QUANC TIN Province.
- (2) Elements of the GK 33 artillery Battalion, 2d MVA Division and the 70th Battalion, 2d MVA Division were not contacted during Operation RENTON, and are currently located in central QUANT TIM Province.
 - b. Units with Light Contact:

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TaB .. (Green of Battle) to Inclease 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations after action Report, Operation BENTON (N) (cont'd)

- (1) Interrogation by the 2d Battalien (.irberne), 327th Infantry of local civilians on L4 august 1967 indicated the presence of the 72d Local Force Battalien in the vicinity of BT 154104. Later contacts in the area tended to confirm the reports. On L8 august 1967 a prisoner of war stated that he was from the QUYET T.M. Battalien, which was located in the vicinity of BT 200105. The QUYET T.M. Battalien was carried by the energy as the QUANG NAM Provincial Battalien. The energy does not recognize QUANC TIN as a Province, so it is possible that the QUYET TAM Battalien was also known as the 72d Local Force Battalien, due to the fact that the 72d Battalien was carried as the QUANC TIN Provincial Battalien. The 72d Local Force Battalien is currently carried in central QUANC TIM Province.
- (2) The 70th Company of the 409th Sapper Pattalion was believed to have been operating within our Tactical area of Responsibility. This conclusion is based on the numerous fortifications, to include trench systems, bunkers, tunnels, and anti-aircraft positions which were encountered during the operation. The 70th Company of the 409th Sapper Battalion is believed to be currently located in the vicinity of Base area 117.
- (3) Small resistence groups (normally 5 to 10 personnel) which are believed to be elements of the local force limits operating within the factical area of Responsibility were contacted periodically with insignificant intelligence results.
- a. Units Contacted: On 13 August 1967 Company B, 2d Battalian (Airborne) 502d Infantry, received intense mortar fire and automatic weapons fire at the Tactical Command Post located at ET 210088. Friendly artillery and airstrikes were summed and the results of the engagement identified the units as being the 6th and 7th Companies of the 22d Battalion of the 21st Nogiment. Documents captured throughout the EMITION Operation placed the 22d Battalion in the area. The 22d Battalion is currently believed to be located in the vicinity of Base Area 117.
- 3. (C) The friendly operations initiated during Operation BENTON have reduced the enemy's combat effectiveness. The enemy bees area has been paretrated by friendly forces resulting in the loss of men, material and supplies to the enemy. The enemy has been forced to split into small groups to avoid centact while attempting to regroup in safer areas to the mest and scuthwest of their base area. It was reported that the 21st W. Regiment was to be the spearhead for the 21 NV. Division's wet season campaign, has a result of the friendly operations in the area this capability may have been greatly reduced if not eliminated entirely for this year's monsoon beason.

A. (C) ORGANIZATION, DISPOSITION AND STRENGTH

LXIT	ALSO KURMIN AS	STREAGTH	COMMANDER	LOCATION
21st NVA Regiment 2d NVA Division	Cong Truong 21 Worksits 21	1,000	Maj Minh	BT 1320
llth Hattalion/2lat	lat Battalion 250, Dong Eat	250	L A	BT 1729
22d Battalicn/21st NVA	72 Battalion Dong Kai	500	CPT Tiep	BT 2008
33d Battalion/21st	Workshop 33 Dong Lion	255	CPT Liem	BT 1829
70th Bettalior/2d NVA	Phi Doi 2009 Truong Son 70	250	Cong	Hase Area 117

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TAB α (Order of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation HENTON (U) (contid)

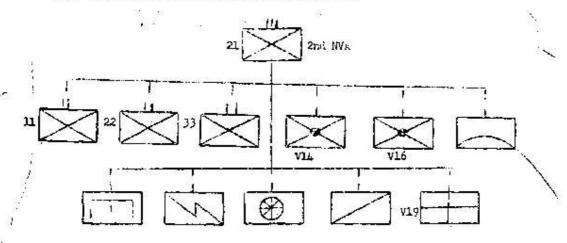
UNIT ·	also known as	STRENGTH	COMPLAINTER	LOCATION
70th Company - 409th Sapper Battalien	: X-70 Company 7th Company	90	Ducc	Base area 117
705 VC Local Force Company	106th Cempany	80	Khoa	Nt 3113
72d VC Local Force Battallon	X-72 Hai Cong 50	290	Cao	Buse Area 117
GK 33 Artillery Bettalion/2d MVA Division	RQ 33 RQ 330	250	Can	FC 1324
74th VC local Force Company, 74th Distri		5C	Thanh	B2 2607
K-91 VC Local Force Company	107	\$ 5	Khoa	BT 1536
K-52 VC Local Force Company	C-73 A.13	150	Unix	BT 101 7
K-53 VC Local Force Cumpany	A.14 14th Company	90	link 	BT 3013
K-54 VC Local Yorco Sompany	C-73 A.16	130	Hong	BT 1516
K-55 VC Local Force Company	Flying Tiger A-21; Phi Po	100	Unk	BT 2718

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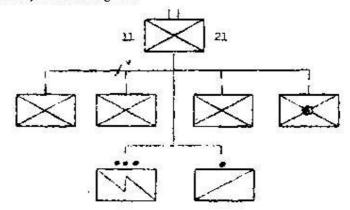
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TAB A (Crder of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation HENTON (U) (cont'd)



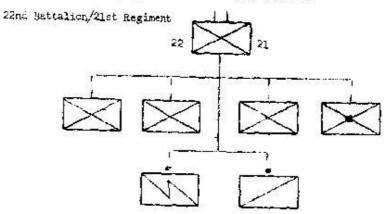
lich Battalion/21st NVA Regiment



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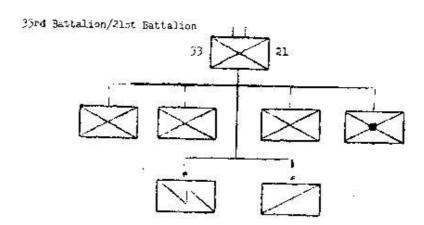
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TAB A (Order of Sattle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (U), (cont.d)



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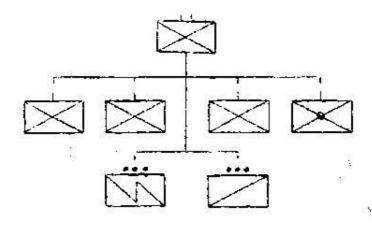


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TAB A (Order of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (U) (cont.d)

6K33 Artillery Betralion/ 2nd NVA Division GK33 2nd NVA

72nd Local Force Battelion

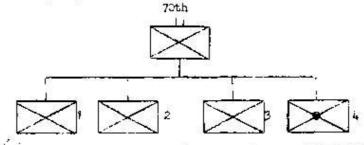


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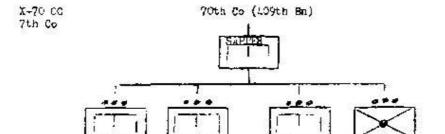
PERSONALLTIES:

CO-NGUYEN DUC CONC XO-SR CPT THUA PO-DUAN CONG THANK

DisPosiTION: The present probable location of the battalion is PT 2017.

STRENGTH: Personnel: 350

60, 81, or 82mm Mort's 57 or 75mm RR's Weapons; HMC1s Indiv Wpns



P.G. 20.142 F.G.M. LBN:

Bac Hien

PERSONALITIES:

CO - MERTYEN DUOC

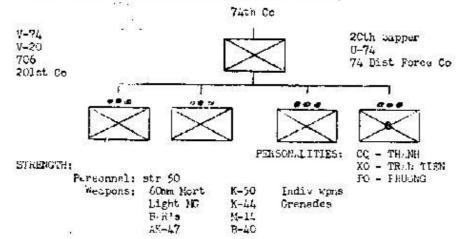
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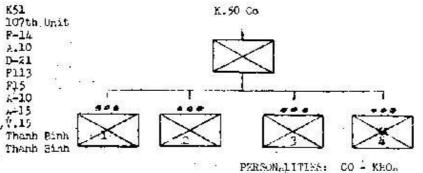
DISPOSITION:

Personnel: str 90

Weapons:



UNIT HISTORY: Bivouse area of camp loc Ef 325110, alternate loc of camp when in danger is BT 285078. The 72nd En states company is a supper company. Def stated a plot from the V-14 Company was used to organize the 74th Company (sapper company) the company operates LY TIM, TAM KY, TIEN THUCC Districts.



XO - NGUYEN THAN

PO - ANH VU

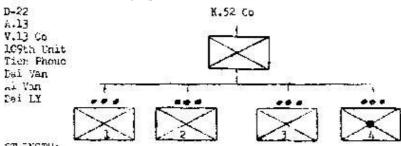
STEERCTH:

Personnel: str 65

_eapons: Blom Mort .30 Cal MG 7JR Indiv wpns 60mm Mort B/R1s SMG 57cm RR Heavy MG M-l's B-40 M-79 Carbines 30 Cal

TRAINING AND TACTICS: Low level agent reports stated that the mission of this unit is to destroy bridges, escort VC laborers who carry rice, to attack Rd teams in their operational area, to attack refugee camp (an-Thanh). Composition of the Company is follows: The company has 3 inf plats, Each plat has 2 squade of 12 min each. The weapons plat 1 is a recon squad that has binoculars.

THE A (Order of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation REMTON (U' (contid)



ST ENGTH:

Personnel: atr 150
Weapons: 60mm Mort B.R's
M-60 MC M-1's

B.k's GMG M-1's Indiv wpns K-50 - year followed billitates a superior between the column as

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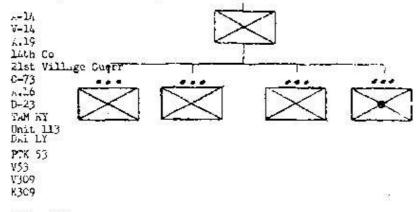
· thin ·

The confidence of the second o

The second industrial particles of the

.30 Cal MG K-50 M79 Gren 1 K-44

TWAINING AND TACTIOS: Low levie agent reports indic to the following cassions for the unit: attack RD Teams, to attack refugee camp, to shell CHOI SUNC outpost, to attack bunkers in their area. The unit was composed as follows: It contained three (3) inf plotoons and each plat had two squads compised of 12 men each. One of these equads has a remem squad equipped with bimoculars, the weapons plat was composed of three squads and each squad was composed of 10-22 men each.



LBR: 2004

STRENGTH:

Personnel: str 90

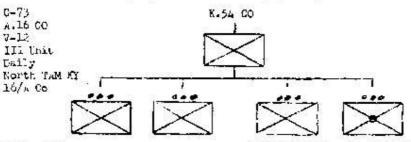
Weapons: Slow Mort

bound Mort Indiv Wom's 57mm Rd Explosives 30 Cal NG

TRAINING AND TACTIOS: Low level agent reports contain the following objectives for this unit: atk US Arry Patrols, atk outpost, ambush US and PF forces, shell outposts in area, to atk RC Team in erea.

BAR'S

TaB A (Order of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (U) (contid)



LBN: 2002

PERSONALITIES: CC--RODG LE

STRENGTH: PERSONNELL STR: 130

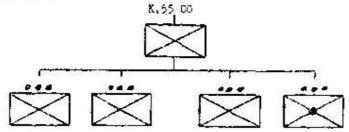
 KEAPONS:
 81nm Mort
 30 Cal MG
 CKC

 60mm Mort
 B.RS
 AK

 57mm NR
 Indiv Wpns
 SMG

 40mm RKT Launcher
 AK's
 M-1's

TotalNING AND TACTICS: Low level agent reports list the following as missions of this unit: atk RD teams in the area, where reads atk PF units, shell out posts in their area, to atk relegge camp, to maintain security in VC controlled areas.

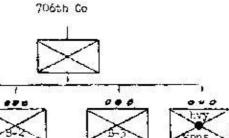


A 21 A.21 C-75 Flying Tigor A-21 FRI PO A-21 CO Of Intel Est #5-67 75th

STRANGTH: PERCONNEL: STR 100

THE A (Order of Battle) to Inclosure 1 (Intelligence) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation REMTON (9) (contid)







STHENGTH:

Personnel: 60

Weaponsi

60mm Nort 81mm Mort 57mm fch

K4...

.30 Cal MG Bakts

N-24's ak's

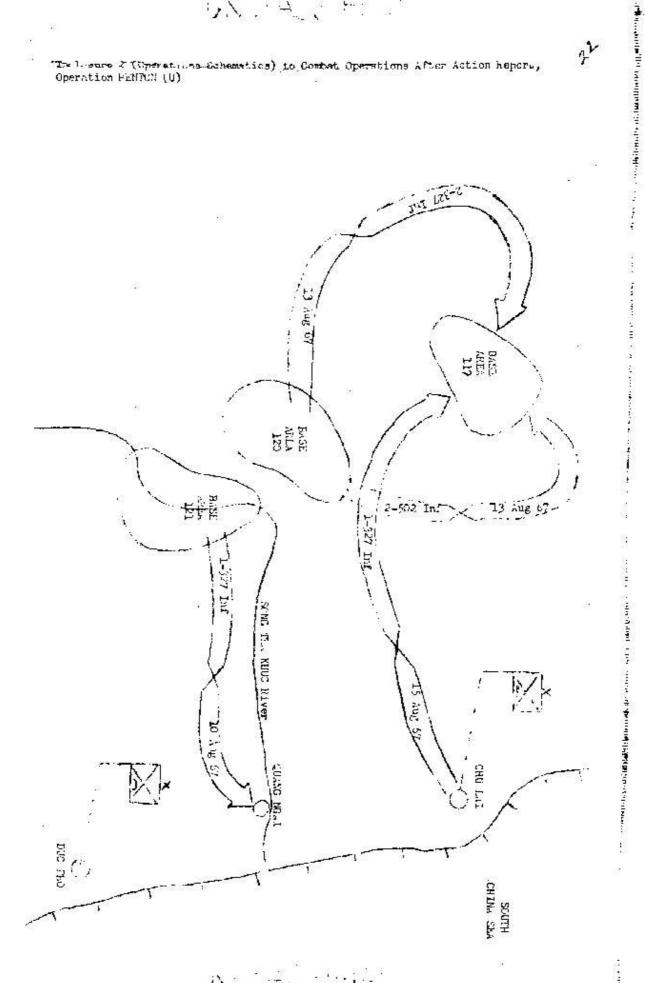
Grenado Latinchers

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manufacture and traffillings of creat-

Indiv Wpns

TRAINING AND TACHES: Unit is supposed to harass allied units in the area.



Factorure 3 (Personner zon Administration) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation EFRICA (U)

1. (c) UNIT STRENGTSS:

d)

- a. Beginning of Operation BENTON:
- (1) The Brigade personnel strengths at the beginning of Operation RENTON were as follows:

Commerce and Commerce and the Commerce and C

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Authorized Augmented (MTOE)	4368
Assigned	5095
Freeent for Duty	4774
Airhead - DUC PHO	3935
Base Camp - FHAN RANG	839
Not Present for Outy	321

- (2) The assigned strength was 116% of the sugmented authorized strength. The present for duty strength was 109% of the sugmented authorized strength.
- (3) Of the not present for duty strength; 54 were intransit, 110 were on TDY/SD status, 145 on leave, 8 in confinement, 1 missing and 3 AWOL.
 - b. Conclusion of Operation BENTON:
- (1) The Brigade personnel strengths at the conclusion of Operation BENTON were as follows:

Authorised Augmented (MrCE)	4368
Assigned	4943
Present for Duty	4573
Airhead - DUC PRC	3670
Base Camo - PMAN RANG	903
Not Present for Duty	. 370

- (2) The assigned strength was 113% of the augmented authorized strength. The present for duty strength was 105% of the augmented futhorized strength.
- (3) Of the not present for duty strength, 19 were intrensit, 141 were on TDY/SD status, 190 on leave, 8 in confinement, 1 missing, and 11 AbCL.
- c, Replacements received during Operation BENTON were assigned to sub-ordinate units as follows:

	OFF	<u>P</u>		OFF	EM.
1-327	1	8	2-320	o,	3
2-327	2	15	Spt Bn	o'	0
2-502	0	15	Sep Co	Q.	.11

- d. Total replacements received for Operation BENTON were 45.
- 2, (C) CASUALTIES:
 - a. Casualties for Operation BENTON were as follows:

UNIT	<u>KHA</u>	AHW
HHC LARP	٥	2
1-327	19	63
2-327	5	65
2-502	16	106
2-320	. 0	11
A/2-17 Cav	0	O
A/326 Engr	1	3
42 Inf (Scout Dog)	0	_1
TOTAL	41	251

Inclosure 3 (Personnel and Administration) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BERTON (U)

b. Total casualties for Operation SEMTON were:

KHA	<u>erra</u>	MHA
42	251	o

c. Total casualties to date:

<u>KHA</u>	<u>MHA</u>	MHA
514	2822	3

3. (U) PERSONNEL PROGRAMS:

- a. The Red Cross Recreational Unit continued its visits to the forward units during the operation.
- b. A forward Red Cross representative remained an integral part of the Brigade forward echelon during Operation BENTON.
- 4. (U) PERSONNEL PLANNING:
 - a. A records check was conducted by AC.
- b. During the time of Operation BENTON, the brigade rotated approximately 140 personnel to CONUS and received 45 replacements.

Inclesure & (Logistice) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTCH (U)

1. (C) Organization for Support

a. General: Brigade maneuver alemonts were supported by a 100word supply point established at CHU LAI by the Forward Support Element. Brigade elements located at CARENTAN base continued to be supported by the Formard Supply Element at CARENTAN base.

b. Support Bettalitm:

- (1) The Forward Supply Element provided all classes of supply and services to Brigade elements located CARENTAN base. The Forward Supply Element consisted of D Company, 326th Medical Battalion; E Company, Sclat Maintenance Battalion; and C Company, Solat Supply and Transportation Battalian.
- (2) The forward supply point provided all classes of supply, laundry and bath, maintenance and transportation services for Prigade elements at CHU LAI. The forward supply point consisted of D Company, 326th Medical Sattalion (-); the Maintanance Saction, 801st Maintenance Company; and a Supuly Section, 801st Supply and Transportation Company. Elements of these sections collocated with the next higher supporting units to facilitate passing of requisitions, job orders and DA 581s.

c. Supporting Forces:

- (1) Units Supporting the Forward Supply Element weret
 - (a) Task Force McDonald
 - (b) Support Pattalion (PHAN BANG)
- (2) Units Supporting the Forward Supply Point were:
 - (a) 94th Supply and Service Tattalion
 - 221st Supply and Service Company
 - (2) 1633 Transportation Company

(b) Both General Support Group with the 205th Ammunition

Platera

- (c) 188th Maintenance Pattalion
- 2. (C) Material and Services
 - a. Supply
- (1) Class I: "Meal, Combat, Individual" formed the bulk of all Class I consumed during the operation. No problem areas were encountared other than a shortage of ice due to a machanical failure of ice making equipment in the Class I yard. Air shipments of ico from DUC PHO holped alleviate the problem until the ice producing equipment was roturned to an operational status. A total of 84.05 short tone of Class I was consumed by the Brigade to include 29.25 short tons of "A" rations and 54.80 short tons of "C" rations.

(2) Class II and IV: The bulk of Class II and IV items used by the Origade was Grawn through the 96th Supply and Service Mattalion, Task Force ChECKE Support Commund. Problem areas developed due to insufficient stockage at the 94th Supply and Service Mattalian to meet the Brigade's demands. A critical shortage of fatigues in small sizes became evident ouring the lat Mattalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry's material readiness operations. Medium sizes were available but due to the fact that 90% of airborne troops require small and extra small sizes, this was an unsatisfactory solution.

Air shipments of fatigues from the Brigades's resources at DUC FHO and PHON RANG helped to supply the unit. However, many troops returned to the field without the proper sized fatigues. Total Class II and IV issued to the Brigade was 22.97 short tens.

- (3) Class III: The 221st Supply and Service Company provided all types of Class III in sufficient quantities to support logistical and tactical operations. The Brigade drew a total of 4.06 short tons and no problems were encountered.
- (4) Class V: The 205th Ammunition Platoon supplied the Brigade with all Class V items. No problems were encountered on Class V resupply at Brigade level. However, on two occasions units did experience delay on emergency resupply in drawing ammunition from the Ammunition Supply Point (ASP) and in movement to the helipad. It is recommended that units stockpile a small emergency resupply in the vicinity of the resupply pad to facilitate movement to the requesting unit.
- (5) Water: Potable water was smallable from two water points on CRU LAI post. Although the water points produced sufficient water, the length of time units had to wait in line made resupply of units in the field extremely difficult. This problem was rectified by Cowbany 4, 326th Engineer Sattalion (Airborne) establishing a water point in the vicinity of the forward supply point.
- b. Maintenance: Maintenance support was provided by the 188th Maintenance Pattalion. No problems were encountered. The following job orders were completed:

TTEM	JOB ORDERS COMPLETED
Automotive	12
Armament	30
Instrument	O
Signal	92
2mgineer	9

c. Transportations

- (1) Vahicular: Vehicular support was furnished by the 163d Transportation Company by allocating the Brigade ten 25 ton tracks per day. However, due to vehicle doubline, the Brigade seldom received all of its allocated vehicles. At the termination of the operation, Brigade headquarters elemente and the 2d Datialion (Airborne), 320th Artillery headquarters elements motor marched from CHU LAI to DUC PRO utilizing 37 hon-organic 25 ton tracks.
- (2) Air; United States Air Force Cl23, Cl30, C7A, and Army CH-47 and UH-1D aircraft provided airlift support for the entire operation. A daily Cl2) shuttle between CHU LAI and DUC PHO was schoduled in direct support of the Brigade. Two airlifts were conducted at the close of the operation on 28 and 29 August 196; by moving three infantry battalions and three artillery batteries.
- (3) Sear No sea transportation was used during the operation.

.d. Other Services:

- (1) Graves Registration Service was available through the 94th Supply and Service Dattalion.
- (2) Quartermaster laundry and shower service was available at CHU LAI.

- 3. (C) Medical:
 - a. Rospitalization and Evacuation:
- (1) Hospitalization: All patients requiring Arry level medical care were admitted to the 2nd Surgical Hospital. A holding facility collocated with the 196th Light Infantry Brigade dispensary was maintained to treat minor wounds and medical problems.
- 2) Evacuation: Evacuation of patients from the Brigade area of operations was carried out in an effective manner through the support provided by the 498th Air Ambulance Company. All field pickups initially went to the 2d Surgical Hospital for Borting. Those patients not admitted were provided ambulance transportation to the Brigade's holding facility.

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- b. Medical Statistics:
 - (1) Killed Hostile Action: 43 (2) Wounded Hostile Action: 251
 - (3) Fon Battle Injury: 30
 - (b) Significant Diseases:

(2)	Gistroenteritis	U
(5)	Upper Respiratory Infection	4
(c)	Neuropsychiatric	3
(d)	Herntitis	3
(c)	Meat Injury	Ŀ
(f)	Dysentary (Amedic)	5
(2)	Malaria	50
(h)	Faver of Unknown Origin	43
(1)	Foot Problems	2
(3)	Dermititis	1

- c. Englistics: Initial deployment with a twenty day level of supply proved inadequate when fire destroyed the medical supplies of two battalion forward aid stations. Supply was accomplished to the forward supply point from the dispensary located in the Erigade tactical command post area. In further operations, the span of control will be made more efficient by the employment of buttalion reor aid station elements.
 - 4. (C) Conclusions:
 - a. The present concept of logistical support is valid.
- b. A small emergency resupply of ammunition should be stockpiled in the immediate vicinity of the resupply helipad.
- c. Closer supervision of sized TA50-901 items is required for units to be properly prepared for stand-down periods.

Inclosure 5 (Chemical) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation ENNTCN (D)

1. (U) Mission: To conduct chemical and ground mir ascault operations against VC/NVA forces operating in the erea of operations and to employ riot control agents to harass and descratize civilians under VC/NVA influence in conjunction with psychological operations.

mente betreet and the state of the state of

Total Carried

2, (C) Operations:

- a. General: Chemical operations conducted during Operation BESTON were smake operations, M7A3 CS grounde attack, employment of fougasses, and tunnel flushing/decial operations. All operations were conducted by the 20th Chemical Detachment under the supervision of the Brigade Chemical Officer. Details pertinent to each operation are discussed in the following paragraphs.
- b. Smake Operations/M7A3 Grenade Attack: Company B, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 502d Infantry on 20 August 1967 requested a combined CS and amoke attack be conducted against an estimated reinforced WA platoon in bunkers and 2-3 man fighting holes with overhead cover vicinity 57185123. The purpose of this strike was to cause the enemy to evacuate their bunkers making them vulnerable to tactical air and artillery and/or decrease their ability to place effective fire on Company B as it maneuvered to engage. Pive-hundred and four CS and 378 smake grenades were utilized. A total of seven passes (4 CS and 3 smoke) were made over the target area in the following namer: Tactical air, then three CS strikes immediately followed by artillery and tactical air again, then three smake strikes to built a heavy cloud over the objective area, and then a final CS strike followed by Company B assaulting.
- c. Company C, 2d Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry discovered an extensive tunnel complex on 27 August 1967 vicinity 37163214. The 20th Chemical Detachment was requested to flush any VC/NVA personnel out of the tunnel and seed the tunnel complex with persistent CS. This was accomplished using 24C pounds of bulk CS.
- d. On 13 Algust 1967, three forgasse emplacements were employed on the defensive perimeter of the Tactical Cormand Post, Let Battalion (Airborne), 327th Infantry.
- 3. (C) Results: CS granades formed a heavy concentration of Riot Control Agent in the target area. Smoke granades created a dense cloud throughout the target area. Troops of the supported infantry company reported the enemy fled from his fortified positions from which he had brought heavy machine gun fire on them for two days displie constant air and artillary strikes. The foughsee was not employed against the enemy.
- 4. (C) Lessons Learned: We new lessons were learned relevant to chemical combat operations; however, the practicality and effectiveness of employing CS against enemy troops in bunkers and camouflaged positions with everhead cover, tausing them to flee and thereby expusing themselves to artillery and tectical air, was again proven.

M

Inclosure 6 (Civil Affairs) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (U)

- 1. (C) Mission: The Civil Affairs mission was to control and coordinate:
 - a. Refugee Movement
 - b. Food Extraction
 - c. Medical Assistance
 - d. Return of Innocent Civilians
- 2. (C) Concept of Operations: No mass refuges movement was planned for Operation BENTON. The QUANC TIN Province Chief requested that only refugees who volunteered to leave the tactical area of operations be evacuated. Each District beadquarters was prepared to accept up to one hundred refugees, with the exception of HAU DUC District. HAU DUC does not have an American solvisor, as a result refugees from this District were evacuated to Province headquarters at TAN: Y. If large numbers of volunteer refugees were encountered, they would be evacuated directly to Province headquarters. Find caches discovered during the operation were to be evacuated to Province headquarters. Province officials would provide laborers to assist in extraction operations. The area of operations was not considered assure enough to execute MEDCAP operations; however, medical treatment in the field was planned. Innocent civilians would be returned to their respective District headquarters.
 - 3. (C) Execution: The civil affairs mission was executed in four areas:

a. Reflyce Movement

DATE	UNIT	NUMBER	EXTRACTED TO	SORTIES
14 Aug 67	2-502	5	TAM KY	1 - UH-1D
15 Aug 67	2-502	11	TAM KY	1 - UH-1D
16 Aug 67	1-327	85	LY TIN	1 - CHL17
17 Aug 67	1-327	20	TAM KY	2 - UH-1D
17 Aug 67	1-327	222	LY TIN	4 - CH-47
19 Aug 67	2-502	7	TOM KY	1 - UH-1D
19 Aug 67	1-327	28	TOM KY	2 - UNLID
19 Aug 67	1-327	113	LY TIN	2 - CH-47
20 Aug 67	2-327	23	TAM KY	
20 Aug 67	1-327	23 2	TAM KY	2 - UH-10 1 - UH-10
22 Aug 67	I-327	84	TAM AY	1 - CH_47
24 nug 67	1-327	40	TAM KY	3 - UH-1D
26 Aug 67	1-327	42	TAM KY	1 - CH-47
27 Aug 67	2-327	5	TAN KY	1 - UH-10
28 Aug 67	1-327	14	TAM KY	1 - UH-1D
	SUB-TOT:	L 420	LY TIN	7 - 08-47
		:Al	там ку	2 - CHL47
₩ ₩				<u>15</u> - UH+1D
	TOTA	ı <u>701</u>		24

b. Food Extraction: No food caches were extracted during Operation BENTON due to inaccessible extraction sites coupled with heavy ground fighting.

c. Medical Assistance: Nedical treatment was given to twenty-two refugees in the area of operations during Operation BENYON. Nine animals received veterinary treatment.

d. Innocent Civilians:

DATE	<u> </u>	100	RETURNED TO	SCRIMES
14 Aug 67 18 Aug 67 18 Aug 67 21 Aug 67 23 Aug 67 26 Aug 67	4 7 2		DUC PHO SA HUTMA NEGA MANH TIEM PHUOC TAM KY TIEM PHUOC	1 - UH-1D 1 - UH-1D 1 - UH-1D 2 - UH-1D 1 - UH-1D 1 - UH-1D
	TOTAL 43	24	N •00	7

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Inclosure 6 (Civil Affairs) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation REATON (U)

- 4. (C) Total Operation MENTON Statistics:
 - a. Refugees Relocated: 701
 b. Food Extracted: None
 c. Persons Medically Treated: 22
 d. Domestic Animals Treated: 9
 e. Innocent Civilians Returned: 43
- 5. (C) Civil affairs inalysis: It was observed that population movement and control presents a major problem to CVARC TIN Province. Building facilities for rectiving and caring for refugees need a expansion. It was further noted that more government security forces are a needed. This would allow Frovince to espitalize on the impact of tactical operations and begin effective pacification measures over a larger area.

Inclosure 7 (Communications) to Sombat Operations After Action Report, Operation EESTON (0)

1. (0) Mission: The let Forward Area Signal Center Flatoon, Company B, 50Let Signal Sattalion and the Communications Platoon, Headquarters and Hoadquarters Company, lat Brigade, 10let Airborne Division and the joint mission of providing signal support for the Brigade.

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2. (6) Operations:

- e. General: The lat Forward A ea Signal Contor Platoon, Company S, 501st Cignal Bettalion and the Communications Platoon, Headquerters and Headquerters Governy, lat Brigade, 101st Airborne Division provided signal support during Operation BERTOC.
- b. FN Reiin Section established FM radio communications at CHU LAI for Operation BENTON. Operations sensisted of the following Brigada nata:
 - (1) Brigsde Cornand
 - (2) Operations and Intelligence/Secure
 - (3) Almin'stration/Logistics
 - (4) Aviation
 - (5) General Purpose
 - (6) Artillery
 - (7) Redio Ware Integration

In addition, the Brigade entered the Task Force CRESCN Command Net plus monitoring Sattalion Command Lets on order. Communications between the Area of Operations and TAG were initially by AM/FRG-25 at Bettalion Tactical Command Posts beneted by one Brigade automatic retransplassion relay site. Later, communications were directed between TAG and Bettalion Tactical Command Posts utilizing the AN/VRG-46. All nots operated by Brigade were operational 24 hours daily. At CARENTAN Base the Base Security Net and Brigade Command Not were operational 24 hours daily.

- c. VRP Section. Organic VHF equipment was not used. WHF carrier support was provided by 36th Signal Battalien, Task Force CRECON. Twelve VRF circuits wars provided to TAC. Of the twelve, four were common users and eight were sole user/teletype circuits. In addition, 36th Signal Battalion provided spiral-four cables from VHF carrier to TAC Forward Supply Faint linking commonleations of TAC and TAC Forward Supply Point with Task Perce CRECON circuits on a 24 hour basis.
- d. Switchboord/Wire Section remained sparetional at CARDITAN Base, with one wire team and one switchboard team dispatched to CHU LAI. A stacked SB-SS aw tehboard provided 42 circuits at CHU LAI. Fourteen miles of Field wire WD-L were installed. All wire was installed underground or overhead.
- e. Openumications Copter remained operational at C/RENTAN Base. One test was sent so install and operate a Communications Center at CNU LAI. It provided 24 hour secure teletype service to Task Force OREGON.
- f. AM Radio Section remained operational at CARESTAN Base. One VSG-2 was operational 24 hours daily vicinity TAC Forward Supply Point. The not consisted of stations located at TAG Forward Supply Point, and Reir Supply Point.
- g. Mointenance Section recained operational at CARENTAN Base. Che naintenance team was sent to CHU LAI to provide maintenance support for the Brigade.

Inclosure 8 (Psychological Operations) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (0)

- 1. (U) Missions: To assist the ground commander in the screenplishment of his taction mission by issuing instructions to the population and by decreasing the combat effectiveness of VC and NVA units by exploiting the psychological vulnerabilities of the VC and NVA.
- 2. (9) General: During Operation MENTON 3,510,000 leaflets were distributed and seventeen hours of louispeaker broadcasts were made. The thebes utilized were:
 - a. Population control
 - b. VC/MVA Demoralization
 - c. Chieu Boi
 - d. Maticaal Safe Conduct Passes
-). (U) Special Projects: During the course of Operation RENCON, the Brigade TAC CP for facted an overland displacement from CHV LaI to DAC PAC. During the conduct of the road mayoment, a prerecorded tage was played explaining the benefits which accure to the Vietnemese people by virture of the GVN having reopened Highway 1.
- 4. (C) Results: During the month of August 1967, 54 Hoi Chanh turned themcelves over to government control in QUING TIN Province as opposed to no Hoi Chanh's for the month of July.
- 5. (C) Conclusions: The results achieved in Operation BETTON indicate that Brigade combat operations have a marked effect on the number of Hei Chanh rallying to GTM agencies.

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Inclosure 9 (Engineer) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTCN (V)

- 1. (U) Missions: To provide direct and general combat engineer support to the 1st Brigade, lOist Airborne Division.
- 2. (C) Concept of Operations: Company A, 326th Engineer Sattalion (Airborne) placed one plateon in direct support of all maneuver battalions. The remainder of the company provided general engineer support and water supply to elements of the Brigade located at CHU LAT and at DUC PHO. Landing zone clearing/demolition teams also supported each Mike Force Company in support of the Brigade.

3. (C) Execution:

- a. The plateon in direct support of the maneuver battalions cleared twelve helicopter landing zones, destroyed 394 large culiber rounds and 242 chicom hand grenades, cleared and destroyed thirteen mines, built four bunkers, destroyed one tunnel complex and acted as infantry when required.
- b. A water point was operated at CHU LAI and at DUC PHO. Other elements of the company swept roads for mines and accomplished explosive ordance disposal (ECD) missions around CARENTAN Base at DUC PHO.
 - 4. (U) Lessons Learned: None

CONFIBENTIAL -

Inclosure to (Artillery) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BERTON (\mathbf{U})

- (C) Mission: The 2d Battalion (Mirborne), 320th Artillery supported the lot Origade, 101st Airborne Division. Battary C, 3° Battalion (Touch), 15th Artillery was placed under the operational control (CPCON) of 2nd Eattalion (Airborne), 320th Artillery and provided reinforcing fires.
- 2. (C) Summary of Operations;
 - c. In the conduct of Operation BENTON, the same techniques of artillery employment that have proven successful in the past were employed. Although the radar was not employed in the area of operations, it was moved from NUC PHO bear to CHU LAI base on 16 August 1967 and was placed CPCON to the 3d Bettalion, 82d Artillery for a period of seven days. The radar section also furnished a team of three personnel to assist the 3d Bettalion, 82d Artillery section and to instruct them in registration, survey and detection techniques employed by the 1st Brigade Countermorter Radar Section.
 - b. Battery C, 3d Battelion, 16th Artillery was placed OPCON to the 2d Battelion (Airborne), 320th Artillery by Task Force CRESON on 11 August 1967. This battery was given the mission of reinforcing the 2d Battelion (Airborne), 320th Artillery. When Battery B, 2d Eattalion (Airborne), 320th Artillery became non-operational because of damaged equipment resulting from a fire on 13 August 1967, Battery C, 3d Battelion, 16th Artillery, assumed the mission of Battery B until reconstitution was complete on 16 August 1967.
 - c. An additional forward observer requirement was imposed on the 2d Battalion (Airborne), 320th Artillery, with the attrement of two Mike Force companies to the Brigado. This requirement exceeded the organic ampability of the battalion; lowever, additional forward observer parties were formed and provided to the two companies by using personnel from organic sections and battalion headquarters. Moreover, an additional Hisison section was formed and collocated with Battary C, 3d Battalion, 16th Artillery. The section's mission was to coordinate sireraft control and artillery fire at the FIEM PHUCC airfield and also to effect coordination with the adjacent Special Forces camp and the Marine Artillery (105mm Howitzer Battary) located within the compound. During the first three days of the operation an ARTH 105rm Howitzer Battary was located at the cump and the limitson section was responsible for the coordination of all fires affecting the air traffic control pattern at TIEM PHUCC.
 - d. During the initial phase of the operation, communication problems reconnected because of the distances between bettalion operations at CHU LAI and the fire direction centers of Battery A and Battery B. This problem was solved by collocating an automatic retransmission station with Battery C.
 - o. On the afternoon of 13 August 1967 a grass fire ignited by an unknown source burned over the firing position of fattery B and the tectical commend post of the 2d Battalien (Airborne), 327th Infantry. Expleding amminition forced evacuation of the position and procluded movement of healt-zers and squipment. The unit was under enemy morter and small arms fire throughout the night. On the afternoon of 14 August 1967 all personnel

and howitzers were extracted by CH-47 and taken to CMU IAI. Although there were no major casualties as a result of the fire, nine personnel were evacuated for wounds received from enemy fire. Emergency requisitions were submitted for eccential items of equipment and on 15 August 1967 four operational howitzers, less section equipment, were issued to the unit. Fire direction equipment, tentage and section equipment were provided from battalion resources, and minimum assertial communications equipment was obtained by the Brigade Signal Officer. Two howitzers reslained from the fire were test fired and found to be serviceable. The bettery with six operational howitzers was inserted into the operational area on 16 August 1967. Excellent cooperation and rapid action on the part of all personnel in the supply chain resulted in the minimum downtime for this unit.

3. (C) Execution:

a. A/2-320 displacements:

(1) On 150730 Aug, A Btry displaced by air (DR-47) to BT 175078. Unit closed 1500 hours. Priority of fires to 1-327 Infantry.

(2) On 290830 Aug, A Btry displaced by air (CR-47) to ET 552055. Unit closed 1100 hours. Further displaced by air (C-130) to CARCHIAN Base Camp vicinity BS 84063715. Unit closed 1600 hours and started preparation for future operation.

b. 3/2-320 displacements:

(1) On 130730 Aug. B Stry displaced by air to ET 173114. Unit closed 1200 hours. Priority of fires to 2-327 Infantry.

1200 hours. Frictity of fires to 2-327 Intentry.

(2) On 121330 Aug, B Btry was extracted due to fire at the battery position. Unit closed CHU LAI Base Camp area at 1620 hours.

(3) On 161000 Aug, B Btry displaced by air to BT 125109. Unit closed 1145 hours. Priority of fires to 2-327 Infantry.

(4) On 260800 Aug, B Btry displaced by air to BT 552055. Unit closed 1430 hours. Further displaced by air to EAFLHTAN Base Camp vicinity BT 84063700. Unit closed 1835 hours. Unit started preparation for future operation. for future operation.

q. C/2-320 displacements:

(1) On 131230 Aug. C Stry displaced by air to BT 23851409. Unit closed 1700 hours. Frierity of fires to 2-502 Infantry.

(2) On 291000 Aug, C Stry displaced by air to ET 552055. Undt closed 1400 hours. Further displaced by air to CAREMYAN Base Camp vicinity BS 84063715. Unit closed 1020 hours. Started preparation for future operations.

d. TAC 2-320 displacements:

(1) On 100930 Aug., TAC displaced everland to CHU LAI Base Camp vicinity 575028. Unit, closed 1130 hours. Mission to support Operation REJITON.

(2) On 291300 Aug, TAC commenced displacing overland to DUC PHO. Unable to make river crossing at ES 695636, it returned to QUANG MGAT Airfield vicinity BS 504721. Closed 1820 hours.

(3) On 301000 Aug, TAC displaced overland to CARCHTAN Base Camp at BS 81652211. Unit closed 1820 hours. B9 84063711. Unit closed 1530 hours.

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- e. Radar Section 2-320 displacements:
- (1) On 160800 Aug, Radar displaced by air to BT 515041. Unit closed 5915 hours. Became OPCON to 3-82 Artillery, with the mission of providing countermorter defense to the CHU LAI Airbase complex during the period that the 3-82 radar was imperational.
- (2) On 220000 Ang. Redar terminated OPCON to 3-82 Artillery. Displaced by air to SS \$70331. Unit closed and operational 221030 hours. Mission defense of CARENTAN Base Comp.
- 4. (V) Rostita:
 - a. 4 VC KBA (C) b. 2 VC KBA (P)
- 5. (W) Recap of Hispians Fired:
 - Number of missions fired:

 - (1) 105: 553 (2) 155: 376
 - Total rounds exponded:
 - (1) 105: 8792
 - (2) 155: 4819
- 6. (U) Administrative Matters: N/A
- (3) Special Equipment and Techniques: The M18 Field Artillery Data Computer was issued to the battalion, basis of issue being one per firing unit and one to bettalien FDC. Issue was nade at the completion of a five day course conducted by a New Equipment Training Team. The computers were programmed by the battalien technicien and will be issued prior to the next operation. Each unit has two trained operator personnel and two personnel in the battalien communications section were qualified as maintenance technicians,
- 8. (U) Commander's Analysis: Attompts to fight the fire which reveged the B Rattery firing position on 13 August 1967 were severely hampered by the extremely tall (8-10 feet) vegetation on the landing zone. Therefore, the practice was later initiated during Operation BELTON, of intention ally starting fires during the critillory and air preparations with white phospherus and/or mapalm, particularly whom the landing zone was covered with tall grasses. This practice has considerably reduced the heards associated with fire during subsequent operations. Additionally, this procedure assists in determing any booky trapped ordannes placed on the leading and by the energy.

Inviosure 1: (Small Unit Actions) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON (U)

The following is a chronological list of all small units actions and intelligence reported during Operation BENTON. The list does not include significant small unit contacts described in the basic Combat Operations After Action Report.

1. 13 August 1967:

a. 131000 Aug 67: Command and Control helicopter of the Brigade Commander was hit two times by enemy small arms fire near BT132074 resulting in 1 WHA (minor).

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b. 131400 Aug 67: Command and Control helicopter of the Brigade Commander near ST173115 was hit two times by enemy small arms fire resulting in minor damages to the helicopter.

2. 14 August 1967:

- a. 140815 Aug 67: TAC CP/2-327 Inf vicinity 37173115 received uniper fire resulting in 1 WHA (modevac).
- b. 140900 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT231133 engaged shipers in a but resulting in 1 VC KIA (0) and 3 detainess.
- c. 140925 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT221137 engaged 2 enemy (1 with weapon) resulting in 1 VC KIA (6).
- d. 141015 Aug 67: Command and Control helicopter/2-502 Inf vicinity BT212113 engaged 1 engagy wearing a khaki uniform resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- e. 14110C Aug 67: Command and Control helicopter of the Brigade Deputy Commanding Officer was hit by one small arm round resulting in 1 WHA (medevac) and minor damage to the helicopter.
- 141104 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity B7201120 engaged 2 enemy resulting in 1 VC KIA (0), 1 AK-47 and 1 carbine calcured.
- g. 141140 Aug 67: Ren/2-327 Inf vicinity ET174114 found 2 NVA resulting in 2 NVA K1% (C) and 1 mesin-magent rifle captured.
- h. 141320 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity ET135113 engaged an estimated enemy squad resulting in 1 VC KL. (C) and 1 individual weapon captured.
- i. 141330 Aug 67: 8/2-502 inf vicinity BT208090 found 1 VC killed by artillery.
- 3. P41530 Aug 67: $\Lambda/2$ -502 Inf vicinity BT201117 engaged 1 chemy carrying a weapon resulting in 1 VC KIA (C) and 1 carbine captured.
- k. 141634 aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity GI221139 received automatic weapon fire resulting in 1 WMA (modevac).
- 1. 141835 Aug 67: ${\rm C/2-502~Inf}$ vicinity SP220133 engaged 4 enemy with rucksacks resulting in 4 VC KIA (C),

3. 15 August 1967:

- a. 150909 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity E1204111 received sniper and automatic weapons fire resulting in 1 kHA and 1 WHA (modevae).
 - b. 151200 Aug 67: E/1-327 Inf vicinity 87206047 apprehended 33 detailness.
- c. 191500 Aug 67: 0/2-902 Inf vicinity BP216137 received suiper fire from several different directions resulting in 1 VC KIA (0).

Inclosure 11 (Small Unit Actions) to Combat Oper-tions After Action Report, Operation BENTON (U)

- o. 151635 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT207111 received automatic weapons fire resulting in 1 VC KIA (C) and 150 home made grenades captured. A search of 2 huto found material to make 100 more grenades and 10 rucknacks.
- e. 151002 Aug 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity E7165077 found and extracted 3 tons of rice.
- f. 151802 Aug 67: Rcm/1-327 Inf vicinity BT165076 found 4 tons of tea and $\frac{1}{4}$ ton of rice. The rice was destroyed and the tea extracted.
- g. 151830 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity \$T219136 engaged 2 enemy with tucksacks resulting in 2 VC KIA (C) and 1 Chicom grande captured.

4, 16 August 1967:

- a. 160730 Aug 67: $\lambda/2-502$ Inf vicinity BT206110 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIs (C) and 1 AK-47 captured.
- b: 160710 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity BT15x104 engaged an estimated 15 VC in fortified positions. The company employed air strikes, artificry and gunships resulting in 1 WHA (medevac), 5 VC KIA (C) and 1 shotgun, 1 mauser and 1 Chicom granade captured.
- c. 160830 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT218130 found and destroyed 1 ton of rice.
- d. 160840 Aug 67: Rcn/1-327 Inf vicinity BT166073 approherded 2 detainess.
- 6. 161000 aug 67: 4/2-327 Inf vicinity BT194140 received sniper fire resulting in 1 WHA (modeway).
- f. 161135 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT228123 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C) and 1 grenade captured.
- g. 161225 aug 67: $\lambda/2+327$ Inf vicinity BT192142 received sniper fire resulting in 1 MHA (medevac).
- h. 161315 Aug 67: C/2-527 Inf vicinity BT159108 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (6) and 1 AK-47 captured.
- 1. 161425 Aug 67. Ron/1-327 Inf vicinity 37170072 engaged 6 VC resulting in 1 WHA (minor), 1 VC KHA (C) and 1 SKS captured.
- %. 161430 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT233121 engaged sniper resulting in 2 VC KIA (C). .
- k. 161445 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity BT183144 engaged 2 VC resulting in 2 VC KIA (C).
- 1. 161323 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT230117 found and destroyed 700 pounds of rice.
- m. 161325 Aug 67: 176th Aviation gunship vicinity BT164.103 received fire resulting in 1 WHA (medevac).
- n. 161350 aug 67: A/2-17 Cav Vicinity BS857358 ergaged 3 VC resulting in 1 VC KLi (C) and 1 grenade captured.
- o. 161600 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity B7166103 engaged an estimated aquad size enemy force resulting in 7 VC KI. (0) and 1 small arm weapon captured.
- p. 161645 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT232120 received emiper fire resulting in 1 WHA (medevac).

- q. 161700 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BT195047 engaged 3 VC resulting in 2 VC KIA (C).
- r. 161730 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT206111 found a weapone cache in a but and cave containing 59 small arms weapons, 5 crew-served weapons, 2 82mm mortar sights, 3 82mm mortar rounds and sesorted small arms ammunition. All were extracted.
- s. 161932 Aug 67: Mike Force/1-327 Inf vicinity BT133068 received sniper fire resulting in 1 WHA (minor).

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- t. 162030 Aug 67i A/1-327 Inf vicinity EC171071 apprehended 1 male of military age resulting in 1 detainee.
- u. 162040 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT229125 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KI4 (C) and 1 clip of M-1 assumition captured.
- v. 162250 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity 97192144 received 6 incoming 60mm morter rounds resulting in 1 KPA and 9 WHK (6 medevac and 3 minor).

5. 27 August 1967:

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- a. 170001 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity ET150106 observed 12 82mm mortars rounds being fired on old defensive positions the company had accupied the previous night.
- b. 170145 Aug 67: A/2-17 Cav vicinity BS871362 apprehended 7 detainess unloading a junk. A swift boat took the junk in tow.
 - c. 170830 Aug 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity BT170072 apprehended 2 detainees.
- d. 170900 Aug 67: 3/2-502 Inf vicinity BT196097 fount a hospital complex, 19 tons of rice and 1 ton of salt. All were destroyed.
- e. 170930 Aug 67: Rcn/1-327 Inf vicinity BT170088 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA C().
- f. 170950 Aug 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity ST165065 engaged an unknown size VC force resulting in 1 US KHA, 1 VC KIA (3) and 1 SKS captured.
- g. 171000 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity 37231120 angaged 2 snipers with TaC Air resulting in 2 VC KIa (C).
- h. 171158 Aug 67: Ron/1-327 Inf vicinity BT178088 engaged 2 enemy wearing khaki uniforms resulting in 2 MVA KLA (C) and 1 AK-AF captured.
- i. 171215 Aug 67: Utility aircraft (176th Avm Co)/2-327 Inf vicinity BT192145 received 2 small arms hits resulting in 1 US WHA (medevac) and minor damage to the aircraft.
- j. 171230 Aug $\ell 7: -C/2-502$ Inf vicinity BT231120 received andper fire resulting in 1 VS WHA (medevae).
- k. 171340 Aug 67: L/2+502 Inf vicinity FT202101 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 VC KL. (C) and 1 AK-47 captured.
- 1. 171100 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BTZCZ101 found and destroyed in ammunition cache consisting of 100 62m; mortar rounds, 2% 60mm mortar rounds, 3 81mm mortar rounds, 47 75mm recoilless rifle rounds, 3 unidentified chicom rocket rounds, and large argents of miscellaneous small arms ammunition. One N-1, 1 rosinnagent and 3 SES were captured.
- m. 171535 Aug 67: Ren/2-327 Ins vicinity PT126116 had 3 US WHA (moderac) when 1 individual stepped on a landmine.

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- Inclusive 1: (Small Unit Actions) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation REMTON (θ)
- n. 171500 aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT202101 found a medical supply cache consisting of 9 bundles of gauge, 300 bottles of penicillin, 2 bundles of syringes and numerous acissors, tweezers and other instruments. All items were extracted.
- o. 171526 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity ET178141 engaged 3 enemy resulting 1 US WHA (minor) and 1 VO KIA (C).
- p. 171535 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity ET161109 engaged 1 enemy resulting 1 detaines.
- q. 171609 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity HT154103 engaged 2 energy resulting in 2 VC KL4 (C).
- r. 171650 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity BT157104 found 1 enemy body approximately 1 day old.
- is. 171800 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BT196066 found a weapons cache in a hut consisting of 2 MAT 49 submachine guns, 1 BAR, 1 carbine, 19 82mm mortar rounds, 2 chicom rocket rounds, 2 home made bombs, 2 cans of Composition "B" and small erms aroundation.
- t. 171910 Aug 67: Rcn/1-327 Inf vicinity BT157074 apprehended 9 deteinoss.
- u. 171945 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity PT164203 apprehended 1 VC who attempted to escape resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
 - v. 172100 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity FT221119 apprehended 1 detained.
 - 6. 18 August 1967:
- a. 180730 Aug 67: $\lambda/1-327$ Inf vicinity BT164056 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- b. 180815 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT248123 engaged an estimated enemy squad resulting in 1 WHA (medevad).
- c. 180845 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity BT164098 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIa (C).
- d. 181120 kmg 67: TAC CP/2-502 $I_{\rm H}$ f vicinity BT238145 received sniper Fire resulting in 1 US WHA (modewac).
- s. 181130 ang 67: 0/2-327 Inf vicinity 87164094 engaged 1 VC in tunnel resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- f. 181150 Aug 67: 0/2-502 Inf vicinity BT255123 found 1 VC KIA (0) and 1 .45 caliber piscol captured.
- g. 191158 Aug 67: B/2-502 Inf vicinity BT193095 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (6).
- h. 181215 Aug 67: Utility Aircraft (176 Avn Co)/2-327 Inf vicinity BT178138 received fire resulting in 1 US WWA (medevac).
- 1. 181230 Aug 67: $\lambda/1-327$ Inf virialty PT15008 angaget an unknown size among force resulting in 1 US KSA, 1 WHA (medavae) and 4 VO SIA (C):
- j. 181235 \log 67: E/1-327 Inf vicinity E7195067 contacted an unknown size energy force resulting in 1 MS KHa and 1 WSa (medevac).
- k. 181245 Aug 67: 8/1-327 Inf vicinity PT195067 engaged an unknown size enemy force resulting in 1 VC KLA (C).

- Inclosure 31 (Small Unit Actions) to Corbot Operations after Action Report, Operation REPROX (\mathtt{U})
- 1. 181303 ang 67: Rop/2-502 InC vicinity BT229151 engaged 2 snipers resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- m. 191505 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT231116 engaged 1 enemy resulting in 1 VC KIA (0).
- n. 181625 Aug 67: 1/2-327 Inf vicinity BT144123 and 1 US WHA (medcvac) when individual stepped on landmine.
- $_{\rm 0.}$ 181630 Aug 67: B/2-327 Inf vicinity BT157098 engaged 1 enemy resulting in 2 VC Kf4 (C).

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- p. 181730 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity PT185138 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- q. 182400 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity 37166040 engaged an unknown size enomy force resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
 - 7. 19 August 1967:
- a. 190750 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT232113 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- b. 190835 Aug 67: B/2-502 Inf vicinity BT186095 found 1 VC body in a grave.
- c. 190930 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vacinity B7167037 engaged 2 enemy resulting in 1 VC KIA (P) and 1 AK-47 captured.
- d. 191040 sug 67: Utility kircraft (176 Avm Co)/2-502 Inf received several small arms hits requiring moderate maintenance.
- e. 191212 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity PT158011 received ground fire while approaching an L2 resulting in 1 US WHA (medevae).
- r. 191225 Aug 67: Ron/2-327 Inf wieinity BCl20111 engaged 3 enemy resulting in 1 VC KI4 (0) and 1 detained.
 - g. 191257 Aug 67: B/2-327 Inf vicinity ET161013 apprehended 2 detainess.
- h. 191320 Aug 67: B/2-502 inf vicinity BT163014 engaged an unknown size enemy force resulting in 1 VC KIA (0).
- 1. 191315 Aug 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity BT164052 found and extracted12 tons of rice.
- j. 191400 kug 67:A/2-502 Inf virinity B7202004 engaged 1 enemy wearing khaki uniform resulting in 1 VC KLA (0).
- k. 191500 Aug 67: B/2-327 inf vicinity BT163014 engaged 1 enemy resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- 1. 191510 Aug 67: Ren/2-327 Inf vicinity 9T116112 engaged 4 enemy resulting in 4 detainers.
- m. 191520 Aug 67: Command and Control Helicopter/2-327 Inf vicinity PT135000 engaged 1 enemy with door guaners resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- n. 191520 kmg 67: Ren/2-327]mf vacinity ET114108 had 1 WS KHA when individual stepped on a landmine.
- o. 191547 Aug 67: C/1-327 lnf vicinity ET164C44 engaged 1 enemy resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).

Inclosure 11 (Small Unit Actions) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation BENTON ("!)

- p. 191550 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT165043 received sniper fire resulting in 1 08 WHA (metevae).
- q. 191615 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity ET195065 found 1 SKS in the vicinity of the previous day's contact.
 - r. 191620 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity BT150016 apprehended 2 detainees.
- a. 191650 Aug 67: Ron/2-502 Inf vicinity BT235159 received automatic wearants fire from an unknown size enemy force resulting in 1 US WHA (medevac).
- t. 19170C Aug 67: Command and Control Helicopter/2-502 Inf vicinity ET190098 received ground fire resulting in minor damage to the helicopter.

8. 20 August 1967:

- a. 200920 Aug 57: Mike Force/2-502 Inf vicinity 8T207.138 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 VC KE. (C) and 4 grenness captured.
- b. 201230 Aug 67: B/2-502 Inf vicinity BT198102 engaged an estimated enemy plat in fortified bunkers resulting in 5 US WHA (nederat).
- . c. 201240 Aug 67: Ren/1-327 Inf vicinity BTIS2088 engaged 3 VC resulting 3 VC KIA (C), 1 M-1 and 1 French rifle captured.
- d. 201410 Aug 67: F/2-502 Inf vicinity 8T190098 found 9 bodies in an area of the previous days contact.
- c. 201700 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT173049 found an enemy base camp consisting of tunnels, bunkers and 23 barracks. Three enemy were engaged resulting in 3 VC KI. (C), 1 AK-50 and 1 SKS captured.

9. 21 August 1967:

- a. 210725 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity \$7226103 triggered a mine resulting in 2 PS WHA (medevac).
 - b. 210800 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT172049 found 1 NVA in a grave.
- c. 211015 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT200105 approbanded 1 detained and captured 1 AK-47.
- d. 211030 ${\rm Aug}$ 67: ${\rm Re}\,n/1{=}327$ Inf. vicinity B7184083 found 1 VC in a grave and apprehended 1 detaines.
 - e. 211035 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT172049 found 1 VC in a grave.
- f. 211210 Aug 67: C/2-902 Inf vicinity 3T214103 engaged 3 VC resulting in 2 VC KIA (C) and 3 mosin-magent carbines captured.
- g. 211220 Aug 67: H/1=327 Inf vicinity BT195059 engaged 2 NVA resulting in 1 NVA KIA (0) and 1 AK=47 captured.
- h. 211230 Aug 67: Ren/1-327 Inf vicinity E7176082 kd11ed 1 detained who attempted to escape.
- 1. 211330 Aug 67: f/1-327 Inf vicinity BT200055 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 VC KL. (C),
- j. 211330 Aug 67z Fen/2-502 Inf vicinity ST250147 engaged an unknown size enough force resulting in 4 VO KIA (6) and 1 detainer.
- k. 211500 Aug 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity FT171052 found a grave with 2 VC.

- Inclosure 11 (Small Unit Actions) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation PENTON (\mathfrak{I})
- 211545 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT? 91106 received fire from an unknown size enemy force resulting in 2 US WHA (medewac).
- m. 211600 Aug 67; Ron/1-327 Inf vicinity BT187077 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 US-WHA (medevac).

行動機能の関係の対象を表す

- n. 211630 Aug 67: B/2-502 Inf vicinity 37195108 engaged an unknown size energy force resulting in 1 US KHA, 3 WHA (medewas), and 9 VC KIA (C).
- o. 21170C Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT173047 found 5 graves with 5 VC.
- p. 211735 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity 87202055 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- q. P11755 Aug 67: A/2-377 Inf vicinity BT181015 engaged an unknown size enemy force resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- r. 211601 Aug 67: Command and Control Helicopter/1-327 Inf vicinity BT182079 engaged 1 NVA resulting in 1 NVA KIA(C).
- s. 211930 Aug 67: C/2-502 inf vicinity BT223093 engaged 1 VC in a cave resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
 - 10, 22 August 1967:
- a. 220930 Aug 67: LRRP/2-502 Inf vicinity ST156134 received aniper fire resulting in 1 US WHA (redevac).
- b. 220940 Aug 67: Rcn/1-327 Inf vicinity BT177088 engaged an unknown size enemy force resulting in 1 US KHA, 3 VC KIA (C), and 1 :arbine captured.
- c. 221115 Aug 67: Command and Control Helicopter/i-327 Inf vicinity 3T160103 received ground fire and crashed resulting in 1 UB-1D destroyed.
 - d. 221215 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BT200057 apprehended 4 detainess.
- e. 221L02 Aug 67: Ron/1-327 Inf vicinity BT170072 found 3 enemy bodies and apprehended 6 detainess of military age all of whom had been wounded by artillery,
 - f. 221440 Aug 67: A/2-17 Car vicinity BS967358 apprehended 1 detainee.
- g. 221530 Aug 67: Rcn/1-327 Inf vicinity BF165088 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (6).
- h, 221648 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BTx14095 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC FIA (C).
- 1. 221752 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity BT183026 angaged 3 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C) and 1 5KS captured.
- j. 221755 Aug 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT121106 engaged 2 VC resulting in 2 VC kIA (C).
- k. 221756 Aug 67: Rcn/2-502 Inf vicinity BF228156 ongaged & VC resulting in 2 VC KIA (C) and 1 mauser with scope captured.
- ?. 271820 Aug 67: B/2-502 Inf vicinity B7185107 engaged 2 VC resulting in 2 VC MIA (C).
- m. 201915 Aug 67: C/2-327 lt.f vicinity NT155035 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- n. 222010 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT182100 ambushed 2 VC resulting in 2 VC KIA (C).

Inclosure 11 (Small Unit Actions) to Combat Operations After Action Report, Operation, BENZON (U)

11. 23 August 1967:

- a. 230805 Aug 67: A/2-502 Inf vicinity BT178101 received sniper fire resulting in 1 US WHA (medovac),
- b. 230840 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity BT183022 engaged an unknown size enemy force, resulting in 5 US WHA (medevac), 5 NVA KJA (C), and 1 SKS and 1 RFD machinegum custured.
- c. 230355 Aug 67: B/2-502 Inf vicinity BT133107 engaged 1 WC resulting in 1 WS WHA (minor), 1 VC KIA (C) and 1 mosin-magent captured.
 - d. 230915 Aug 67: 4/2-17 Cav vicinty BS269354 apprehended 1 detainee.
- e, 230950 ${\rm Aug}$ 67: 0/2-327 Inf vicinity BT159038 found and destroyed 1 ton of rice.
- f. 231145 Aug 67: C/2-327 Inf vicinity BT162032 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KLA (c).
- g. 231220 Aug 67: FAC/2-327 Inf vicinity BM183055 observed 1 body in an airstrike area resulting in 1 VC KBA (C).
- h. 231258 231945 hag 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BI190054 engaged snipers and an unknown size energy force resulting in 1 US KHA, 4 WHA (medevac), 12 VC KIA (C) and 2 SKS and 4 AK-47 captured.
- i. 231410 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT172029 found and destroyed a base camp consisting of 30 buildings and numerous defensive positions.
- j. 231416 mug 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity BT185054 engaged an unknown size enemy force resulting in 1 US KHA and 2 WHA (medevac).
- k, 231445 Aug 67: Ren/1-327 Inf vicinity BT161074 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- 231715 mag 67: Mike Porce/2-502 Inf vicinity BT187068 found and destroyed 1 ton of rice.
- m. 231730 Aug 67: Mike Porce/1-327 Inf vicinity BT177059 found and destroyed 1 ton of rice and 400 pounds of selt.
- n. 231815 keg 67: 0/2-502 Inf vicinity ET217098 found 2 dead VC killed by nine.
- o. 232035 Aug 67: 9/2-502 Inf vicinity BTH31106 had their perimeter probed with granades and small arms resulting in 4 US WMA (medevae).
- p. 232045 Aug 67: A/2-327 Inf vicinity BY191000 engaged 20-25 7C resulting in 1 US KHA.
 - q. 232214 Mag 67: C/2-502 Inf vicinity BT214075 apprehended 2 detainers.

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- 12. 24 August 1967:
- v_{\star} 2408)0 Mag 67: $\lambda/2-327$ Inf vicinity BT190030 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- b. 240830 ${\rm kig}$ 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BT190054 found 4 VC bodies killed in the previous day's contact.
- e. 200831 \log 67° B/1-010 bif victibly ETL90041 found 1 VC killed by a claywore mine.
- d. 241025 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BT190054 found 2 VC killed in the previous day's contest and captured 1 CAR-15.

- Inclosure II (Gmall Unit Actions) to Combat Crorations After Action Report, Operation REMAIN (U)
- e. 241255 Aug 67: Mike Force/2+502 InS vicinity DT193125 found and destroyed 1 ton of Fice.
- f. 241310 mag 67: Mike Force/1-327 lnf vicinity BT181063 angaged 3 VC resulting in 1 MF With (minor), 1 VC KIA (C), and 1 AK-47 captured.
 - g. 241320 Aug 67: B/1-327 Inf vicinity BT 91044 found 1 N/A in a grave.

- h. 241355 Aug 67: TAC CP/1-327 Inf vicinity BT:71079 apprehended 1 detaines.
- i. 241440 $\rm Mag~67:~4/1-327$ Inf vicinity BTH:7054 found 1 dead VG killed by an airstrike and 1 $\rm AK-47.$
- j. 241545 kug 67: Ren/1-327 Inf vicinity BT175089 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C).
- k, 241730 Aug 67: IAC 0F/2 \rightarrow 500 Lnf vicinity 9T233142 received 3 \rightarrow 5 rounds sniper fire resulting in 1 US WHA (medevice).

13. 25 August 1967:

- a. 290912 Aug 67: C/1-327 Inf vicinity BT192035 found 1 NVA in a grave.
- b. 251125 \log 67: 9/2-502 Inf vicinity BT.86116 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KTA (0).
- c. 251230 $\rm mag~67:~8/2-502~Inf$ vicinity BT183103 received sniper fire resulting in 1 V3 WHA (modevae).
- d. 251325 Aug 67: B/2.502 Inf vicinity 5T100103 engaged an unknown size onemy funce resulting in 1 US KRA.
- e. 251400 kug 67: Ren/1-327 DM vicinity BT188078 engaged 3 VC resulting in 1 VC WTA (0) and 1 detained.
- f. 251125 \log 67: i/2-327 Inf violatity BT200031 was ambumhed by an unknown size enemy force resulting in 2 US KHA and 2 WHA (medevae).
- g. 251630 Aug 67: $\lambda/2$ -17 CEV vicinity BS841354 engaged 2 VC resulting in 1 VC KIA (C) and 1 detained.
- h. 251743 Aug 67: Utility Melicepter/2-502 Inf vicinity B7201099 received ground fire and was forced down resulting in 1 U5 WWW (measure) from the 176th Avr. Co.

14. 26 August 1967:

- a. 260929 \log 67: A/2=502 Inf vicinity bM169107 engaged 1 VC resulting in 1 VC KJA (C) and 1 SKS captured.
- b. 260950 was 67% Rom/1-307 Inf virinity BF129072 apprehended 2 dataineds.
- e. 261208 mag 67: A/1-327 Inf vicinity DT183065 found graves containing 5 VC.
- q. 261350 Aug 67: Ren/2-502 Enf vicinity ET239160 engaged an ectimated 30 enemy in mixed uniforms resulting in 1 00 MM (medevae).
- c. 261559 aug 67: μ/r =j02 InC vicinity FT183104 fmmd 2 dead VC in a turnel and 2 SES.